Fort Resolution - Statistical Profile

POPULATION

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
Population (2016)		
Total	499	44,469
Males	258	22,643
Females	241	21,826
0 - 4 Years	42	3,221
5 - 9 Years	37	3,644
10 - 14 Years	24	2,840
15 - 24 Years	80	6,222
25 - 44 Years	133	14,107
45 - 59 Years	93	9,242
60 Yrs. & Older	90	5,193
Aboriginal	450	22,013
Non-Aboriginal	49	22,456
Population Dependency Ratio (2015)		
< 15 Yrs.	0.34	0.33
60 Yrs. & Older	0.29	0.18
Historical Population		
2004	522	43,305
2006	502	43,178
2007	507	43,374
2008	512	43,350
2009	509	43,149
2010	503	43,278
2011	488	43,501
2012	476	43,594
2013	486	43,786
2014	503	43,889
2015	508	44,244
2016	499	44,469
Avg. Annual % Growth (05-16)		
Total Population	-0.1	0.2
< 15 Yrs.	-2.2	-0.6
60 Yrs. & Older	3.8	4.8

HEALTH & VITAL STATS

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
% of Population that Currently Smoke		
2009	60.0	35.2
Number of Births		
2003	7	701
2004	8	698
2005	8	712
2006	12	687
2007	6	725
2008	12	721
2009	3	711
2010	6	700
2011	11	690
2012	11	681
Teen Births		
2003	-	72
2004	1	86
2005	-	68
2006	3	73
2007	1	65
2008	-	56
2009	2	61
2010	-	65
2011	2	56
2012	1	48
Number of Deaths		
2003	4	202
2004	1	153
2005	4	148
2006	8	182
2007	5	174
2008	5	201
2009	5	186
2010	6	183
2011	4	186
2012	11	200
Injury Deaths (inc. suicides)		
2003	1	36
2004	-	23
2005	-	21
2006	2	36
2007	1	34
2008	-	29
2009	2	28
2010	-	22
2011	-	20
2012	1	30
Suicides		
2003	1	10
2004	-	11
2005	-	4
2006	-	5
2007	-	9
2008	-	10
2009	1	7
2010	-	6
2011	-	6
2012	-	8

HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
% of Households with 6 or More People		
1981	20.8	13.9
1986	20.8	11.5
1991	6.3	9.8
1996	8.3	8.6
2001	5.1	7.2
2004	2.9	7.0
2006	5.7	6.2
2009	6.6	6.7
2011	2.6	5.6
2014	8.0	6.1
Family Structure (2011)		
Total Family Structure	125	10,930
Husband-Wife	45	5,470
Common-law	40	3,135
Lone Parent	40	2,330
% Lone-Parent Families	32.0	21.3
Tenure (2014)		
Total	175	14,729
Owned	100	7,574
Rented	75	7,155
% Owned	57.1	51.4
% of Households in Core Need		
1996	36.2	19.7
2000	43.9	20.3
2004	33.7	16.3
2009	50.3	19.0
2014	24.9	19.8

CRIME

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
Violent Crimes		
2006	124	3,527
2007	134	4,025
2008	128	3,839
2009	146	3,740
2010	88	3,717
2011	55	3,730
2012	92	3,467
2013	77	3,263
2014	63	3,041
2015	85	3,348
Property Crimes		
2006	160	8,292
2007	191	8,807
2008	184	8,881
2009	132	8,639
2010	156	9,814
2011	127	10,134
2012	130	10,406
2013	128	10,556
2014	111	10,132
2015	176	10,315

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
Other Criminal Code		
2006	61	5,695
2007	137	5,942
2008	172	6,377
2009	120	5,949
2010	62	6,895
2011	50	7,185
2012	81	6,943
2013	68	6,162
2014	126	6,046
2015	86	5,875
Federal Statutes		
2006	20	534
2007	17	665
2008	16	815
2009	16	832
2010	6	1,017
2011	12	949
2012	25	772
2013	12	714
2014	11	585
2015	13	593
Traffic		
2006	27	829
2007	20	813
2008	22	1,051
2009	25	813
2010	19	882
2011	19	753
2012	40	779
2013	11	557
2014	10	672
2015	14	653
Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)		
2006	247.0	81.7
2007	264.3	92.8
2008	250.0	88.6
2009	286.8	86.7
2010	175.0	85.9
2011	112.7	85.7
2012	194.9	79.4
2013	160.4	74.4
2014	124.0	69.1
2015	165.4	75.9
Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)		
2006	318.7	192.0
2007	376.7	203.0
2008	359.4	204.9
2009	259.3	200.2
2010	310.1	226.8
2011	260.2	233.0
2012	275.4	238.4
2013	266.7	240.5
2014	218.5	230.4
2015	342.4	234.0

INCOME ASSISTANCE

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
Beneficiaries (monthly average)		
2006	52	1,912
2007	82	2,024
2008	62	2,067
2009	61	2,402
2010	68	2,314
2011	55	2,313
2012	54	2,240
2013	58	2,306
2014	54	2,313
2015	52	2,486
Cases (monthly average)		
2006	27	1,060
2007	43	1,121
2008	39	1,172
2009	43	1,415
2010	47	1,429
2011	39	1,468
2012	39	1,453
2013	42	1,489
2014	42	1,519
2015	39	1,648
Payments ($000)		
2006	172	8,534
2007	354	9,783
2008	362	12,051
2009	393	14,574
2010	443	15,118
2011	388	15,810
2012	396	16,023
2013	422	16,722
2014	418	17,562
2015	428	19,840

TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2013)

Hunted & Fished (%)	62.2	44.7
Trapped (%)	19.3	6.1
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	23.3	23.3
Households Consuming Country Food (Half or More) (%)	56.0	26.3

ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES

% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language		
1984	68.1	59.1
1989	54.6	55.6
1994	49.6	50.1
1999	40.9	45.1
2004	45.9	44.0
2009	34.3	38.0
2014	33.0	38.5

EDUCATION

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
% with High School Diploma or More		
1986	21.9	51.6
1989	28.7	59.8
1991	33.8	59.9
1994	34.4	63.2
1996	45.9	63.5
1999	39.3	66.1
2001	44.6	64.8
2004	46.3	67.5
2006	45.8	67.0
2009	51.0	69.3
2011	49.3	68.9
2014	51.2	73.6
Employment Rates (2014)		
Less than High School Diploma	27.3	37.7
High School Diploma or Greater	63.0	76.0

LABOUR FORCE

Participation Rate		
1986	63.5	74.5
1989	52.1	74.9
1991	59.2	78.2
1994	60.6	77.2
1996	62.2	77.2
1999	59.6	78.3
2001	54.1	77.1
2004	54.7	75.6
2006	57.5	76.5
2009	51.8	75.1
2011	63.5	75.4
2014	67.5	73.4
Unemployment Rate		
1986	32.5	11.2
1989	41.2	13.2
1991	35.7	11.3
1994	33.3	14.8
1996	28.3	11.7
1999	26.9	13.7
2001	17.5	9.5
2004	18.5	10.4
2006	23.8	10.4
2009	24.8	10.3
2011	27.7	11.4
2014	32.6	10.6

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
Employment Rate		
1986	44.4	66.2
1989	30.6	65.0
1991	36.6	69.3
1994	40.4	65.7
1996	44.6	68.2
1999	43.6	67.5
2001	43.2	69.8
2004	44.6	67.8
2006	43.8	68.6
2009	39.0	67.3
2011	45.9	66.8
2014	45.5	65.6
Selected Employment Rates (2014)		
Males	33.3	66.9
Females	57.6	64.2
Aboriginal	41.1	52.0
Non-Aboriginal	77.9	78.8
15-24	29.9	38.9
25-34	60.3	71.8
35-44	67.7	80.1
45-54	57.5	83.8
55-64	49.2	73.2
65 & Over	5.8	25.3
Labour Force Activity (2014)		
Population 15 & Over	402	34,087
Employed	183	22,353
Unemployment	89	2,661
Not in the Labour Force	131	9,073
Potential Available Labour Supply (2014)		
Available Labour Supply	122	5,219
% Do Rotational	64.6	64.8
% Male	71.4	58.1
% Aboriginal	97.5	77.8
% Less than High School Diploma	61.2	49.4
Employment Profile (2014)		
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	62.5	46.2
% Goods Producing	10.6	15.3
% Other Industries	25.4	32.9
Annual Work Pattern (2014)		
% Worked	72.4	79.0
% Worked More than 26 weeks	54.7	75.1

PERSONAL INCOME

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
Total Income ($000)		
2005	9,435	1,297,842
2006	9,707	1,384,602
2007	10,690	1,469,865
2008	11,105	1,542,755
2009	11,185	1,557,610
2010	12,595	1,599,920
2011	13,525	1,672,485
2012	13,890	1,692,765
2013	13,665	1,754,545
2014	13,055	1,820,200
% Change in Total Inc. (2005-2014)	38.4	40.2
Average Personal Income ($)		
2005	26,957	46,170
2006	28,550	48,396
2007	30,543	51,072
2008	31,729	52,943
2009	31,957	52,998
2010	35,986	53,978
2011	37,569	56,030
2012	36,553	56,861
2013	36,932	58,329
2014	34,355	59,640
Employment Income ($000)		
2005	7,195	1,145,168
2006	7,224	1,208,376
2007	8,115	1,294,015
2008	8,280	1,356,780
2009	8,425	1,356,890
2010	9,660	1,388,490
2011	10,530	1,433,035
2012	10,425	1,455,120
2013	10,420	1,513,240
2014	9,785	1,565,205
% Change in Emp. Inc. (2005-2014)	36.0	36.7
Average Employment Income ($)		
2005	27,673	45,843
2006	28,896	47,856
2007	31,212	50,627
2008	31,846	52,650
2009	31,204	52,983
2010	35,778	53,630
2011	36,310	55,673
2012	34,750	56,930
2013	35,931	58,744
2014	33,741	60,154

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
Percent Taxfilers Less than $15,000		
2005	40.0	26.0
2006	38.2	24.9
2007	37.1	23.3
2008	37.1	23.7
2009	37.1	23.9
2010	31.4	23.3
2011	30.6	23.1
2012	34.2	23.1
2013	35.1	22.3
2014	31.6	22.3
Percent Taxfilers More than $50,000		
2005	17.1	38.3
2006	14.7	39.9
2007	20.0	42.7
2008	20.0	43.7
2009	22.9	43.6
2010	25.7	44.2
2011	27.8	44.9
2012	23.7	45.6
2013	27.0	46.1
2014	23.7	46.8

FAMILY INCOME

Average Family Income		
2005	49,815	96,171
2006	47,271	101,622
2007	60,615	107,252
2008	61,346	111,796
2009	61,423	112,119
2010	71,077	113,934
2011	70,893	119,089
2012	78,962	120,898
2013	76,115	124,103
2014	71,885	127,334
Percent Families Less than $30,000		
2005	30.8	19.0
2006	35.7	18.0
2007	23.1	16.6
2008	30.8	17.0
2009	38.5	16.7
2010	23.1	16.4
2011	28.6	16.0
2012	15.4	15.7
2013	30.8	15.2
2014	23.1	14.9

	Fort Resolution	Northwest Territories
Percent Families More than $75,000		
2005	15.4	55.3
2006	21.4	57.1
2007	23.1	59.5
2008	23.1	60.8
2009	30.8	60.7
2010	30.8	61.9
2011	35.7	62.5
2012	38.5	63.1
2013	30.8	63.3
2014	30.8	64.5

PRICES

2013 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	142.5	..
2015 Food Price Index (YK = 100)	144.0	..

ENVIRONMENT

Average Monthly Temperature: 2006-2015 (°C)		
January	-22.8	..
February	-21.0	..
March	-16.0	..
April	-3.8	..
May	6.0	..
June	13.2	..
July	16.6	..
August	13.1	..
September	6.8	..
October	0.9	..
November	-9.7	..
December	-17.8	..

COMMUNITY LIVING

% Who Volunteered in 2013	49.5	47.5
% of Homes with Internet Access in 2013	59.0	79.1

SYMBOLS

- zero or too small to be expressed
.. not available
x data suppressed

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[11]{\frac{Pop_{2016}}{Pop_{2005}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 200, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004, 2009 & 2014). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, *and* the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Crime

Incidents in a particular detachment may include incidents from surrounding communities.

Violent Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Refers to incidences of homicides, attempted murder, assaults (including sexual assaults), abduction and robbery.

Property Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of breaking & entering, theft, position of stolen goods and fraud.

Other Criminal Code: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of offensive weapons, bail violation, disturbing the peace and mischief (property damage).

Federal Statutes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of possession and trafficking of drugs.

Traffic: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of dangerous operation of motor vehicle and impaired operation of motor vehicle.

Violent Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Property Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments ($000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Craft (%)s: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'n.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2009 & 2014). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2014 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2009 & 2014).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2013 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2013, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Personal Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns.

Total Income ($000): Refers to total money income received from all sources.

Average Personal Income ($): Refers to the average money income received from all sources.

Employment Income ($000): Refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Average Employment Income ($): Refers to average income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Percent Tax-filers Less Than $15,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making less than $15,000.

Percent Tax-filers More Than $50,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making more than $50,000.

Family Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns. Refers to the total income of a family; it is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.

Average Family Income ($): Refers to the average money income received from all sources for the family as a whole.

Percent Families Less Than $30,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making less than $30,000.

Percent Families More Than $75,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making more than $75,000.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum.

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2013: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2013: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.