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	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories		Yellowknife	Northw Territor
POPULATION			Number of Births		
			2003	305	7
Population (2016)			2004	265	6
Total	20,960	44,469	2005	316	7
			2006	324	ϵ
Males	10,625	22,643	2007	324	
Females	10,335	21,826	2008	339	•
			2009	317	,
0 - 4 Years	1,449	3,221	2010	295	
5 - 9 Years	1,691	3,644	2011	298	
10 - 14 Years	1,229	2,840	2012	303	
15 - 24 Years	2,714	6,222			
25 - 44 Years	7,348	14,107	Teen Births		
45 - 59 Years	4,548	9,242	2003	15	
50 Yrs. & Older	1,981	5,193	2004	16	
50 11s. & Older	1,761	3,173	2005	15	
A for a start and a	5.017	22.012			
Aboriginal	5,017	22,013	2006	20	
Non-Aboriginal	15,943	22,456	2007	16	
D			2008	16	
Population Dependency Ratio (2015)			2009	16	
< 15 Yrs.	0.30	0.33	2010	17	
60 Yrs. & Older	0.14	0.18	2011	9	
			2012	11	
Historical Population	10.621	12 205	North or of Double		
2004	19,621	43,305	Number of Deaths	60	
2006	19,519	43,178	2003	60	
2007	19,672	43,374	2004	49	
2008	19,832	43,350	2005	35	
2009	19,714	43,149	2006	51	
2010	19,786	43,278	2007	44	
2011	20,037	43,501	2008	59	
2012	20,116	43,594	2009	55	
2013	20,331	43,786	2010	53	
2014	20,428	43,889	2011	51	
2015	20,747	44,244	2012	55	
2016	20,960	44,469			
			Injury Deaths (inc. suicides)		
Avg. Annual % Growth (05-16)			2003	10	
Total Population	0.6	0.2	2004	10	
< 15 Yrs.	0.2	-0.6	2005	5	
50 Yrs. & Older	7.6	4.8	2006	8	
			2007	11	
			2008	6	
HEALTH & VITAL STATS			2009	8	
		_	2010	8	
% of Population that Currently Smoke			2011	7	
2009	23.6	35.2	2012	11	
			Suicides 2003 2004	2	
			2004	6 1	
			2006	3	
			2007	2	
			2008	5	
			2009	2	
			2010	2	
			2011	1	
			2012	2	

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES			Other Criminal Code	
HOUSEHOLDS & PANIELES			2006 2,513	5,695
% of Households with 6 or More People			2007 2,368	
1981	5.7	13.9	2008 2,681	
1986	4.9	11.5	2009 2,415	5,949
1991	5.4	9.8	2010 2,594	6,895
1996	5.1	8.6	2011 3,091	
2001	4.2	7.2	2012 2,988	
2004	4.1	7.0	2013 2,820	
2006	3.3	6.2	2014 2,745	
2009	4.3	6.7	2015 2,871	5,875
2011	3.6	5.6	T. J. 10	
2014	4.5	6.1	Federal Statutes	524
Family Structure (2011)			2006 178 2007 264	
Total Family Structure	5,110	10,930	2007 2008 289	
Husband-Wife	2,980	5,470	2009 313	
Common-law	1,265	3,135	2010 360	
Lone Parent	865	2,330	2011 314	,
% Lone-Parent Families	16.9	21.3	2012 272	
,			2013 233	
Tenure (2014)			2014	
Total	6,938	14,729	2015	593
Owned	3,631	7,574		
Rented	3,307	7,155	Traffic	
% Owned	52.3	51.4	2006 204	829
			2007 201	813
% of Households in Core Need			2008 316	5 1,051
1996	4.7	19.7	2009 249	813
2000	11.1	20.3	2010 227	
2004	9.1	16.3	2011 187	
2009	9.6	19.0	2012 144	
2014	17.9	19.8	2013 186	
			2014 199	
CRIME			2015 83	653
			Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)	
Violent Crimes			2006 49.2	
2006	960	3,527	2007 52.6	
2007	1,034	4,025	2008 47.9	
2008	950	3,839	2009 42.6	
2009	839	3,740	2010 47.8	
2010	946 896	3,717	2011 44.7	
2011 2012	779	3,730 3,467	2012 38.6 2013 35.1	
2012	717	3,263	2013 2014 28.6	
2014	587	3,041	2014 28.6	
2015	757	3,348	2013	73.7
			Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)	
Property Crimes			2006 144.6	
2006	2,822	8,292	2007 145.2	
2007	2,856	8,807	2008 153.7	
2008	3,049	8,881	2009 145.5	
2009	2,868	8,639	2010 161.1	
2010	3,188	9,814	2011 159.6	
2011	3,198	10,134	2012 166.9	
2012	3,368 4,040	10,406	2013 197.7 2014 185.3	
2013 2014	4,040 3,799	10,556 10,132	2014 185 2015 206.2	
2014	4,255	10,132	2013 200.2	. 234.0
2013	4,233	10,313		

INCOME ASSISTANCE			EDUCATION		
Beneficiaries (monthly average)			% with High School Diploma or More		
2006	414	1,912	1986	66.7	51.6
2007	385	2,024	1989	78.2	59.8
2008	368	2,067	1991	73.9	59.9
2009	440	2,402	1994	79.0	63.2
2010	496	2,314	1996	75.3	63.5
2011	506	2,313	1999	80.6	66.1
2012	478	2,240	2001	77.7	64.8
2013	514	2,306	2004	82.1	67.5
2014	510	2,313	2006	80.9	67.0
2015	519	2,486	2009	83.8	69.3
			2011	82.0	68.9
Cases (monthly average)			2014	88.7	73.6
2006	239	1,060			
2007	224	1,121	Employment Rates (2014)		
2008	225	1,172	Less than High School Diploma	57.9	37.7
2009	280	1,415	High School Diploma or Greater	78.1	76.0
2010	311	1,429			
2011	319	1,468			
2012	311	1,453	LABOUR FORCE		
2013	322	1,489			
2014	318	1,519	Participation Rate		
2015	336	1,648	1986	87.4	74.5
			1989	87.1	74.9
Payments (\$000)			1991	87.3	78.2
2006	2,699	8,534	1994	87.5	77.2
2007	2,700	9,783	1996	85.4	77.2
2008	2,944	12,051	1999	86.2	78.3
2009	3,695	14,574	2001	85.0	77.1
2010	4,373	15,118	2004	84.0	75.6
2011	4,747	15,810	2006	84.2	76.5
2012	4,669	16,023	2009	84.5	75.1
2013	4,862	16,722	2011	84.9	75.4
2014	4,863	17,562	2014	79.4	73.4
2015	4,913	19,840			
			Unemployment Rate		
			1986	5.1	11.2
TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2013)			1989	4.4	13.2
			1991	5.1	11.3
Hunted & Fished (%)	37.1	44.7	1994	6.8	14.8
Trapped (%)	2.1	6.1	1996	6.4	11.7
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	19.6	23.3	1999	7.9	13.7
Households Consuming Country	10.3	26.3	2001	5.0	9.5
Food (Half or More) (%)			2004	5.0	10.4
			2006	5.7	10.4
			2009	5.6	10.3
ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES			2011	6.0	11.4
% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language			2014	4.7	10.6
1984	51.5	59.1			
1989	36.6	55.6			
1994	33.5	50.1			
1999	21.9	45.1			
2004	25.3	44.0			
2004	18.0	38.0			
2014	23.9	38.5			
2014	43.9	38.3			

		Northwest			Northwest
	Yellowknife	Territories		Yellowknife	Territories
Employment Rate			PERSONAL INCOME		
1986	83.0	66.2	I ERSONAL INCOME		
1989	83.3	65.0	Total Income (\$000)		
1991	82.9	69.3	2005	731,605	1,297,842
1994	81.5	65.7	2006	782,559	1,384,602
1996	80.0	68.2	2007	828,290	1,469,865
1999	79.5	67.5	2008	867,520	1,542,755
2001	80.8	69.8	2009	871,685	1,557,610
2004	79.7	67.8	2010	902,835	1,599,920
2006	79.3	68.6	2011	963,035	1,672,485
2009	79.7	67.3	2012	967,915	1,692,765
2011	79.8	66.8	2013	998,225	1,754,545
2014	75.7	65.6	2014	1,046,575	1,820,200
Selected Employment Rates (2014) Males	77.6	66.9	% Change in Total Inc. (2005-2014)	43.1	40.2
Females	77.0	64.2	Average Personal Income (\$)		
remaies	73.7	04.2	2005	54,679	46,170
Aboriginal	67.3	52.0	2006	57,246	48,396
Non-Aboriginal	78.1	78.8	2007	59,589	51,072
Non-Aboriginal	76.1	76.6	2007	62,727	52,943
15-24	46.7	38.9	2009	62,711	52,943
25-34	79.8	71.8	2010	64,350	53,978
35-44	88.7	80.1	2010	67.629	56,030
45-54	91.6	83.8	2011	68,067	56,861
55-64	80.5	73.2	2012	69,660	58,329
65 & Over	34.8	25.3	2013	71,051	59,640
0.5 & OVE	54.0	23.3	2014	71,031	37,040
Labour Force Activity (2014)			Employment Income (\$000)		
Population 15 & Over	15,921	34,087	2005	667,351	1,145,168
Employed	12,045	22,353	2006	700,295	1,208,376
Unemployment	590	2,661	2007	751,135	1,294,015
Not in the Labour Force	3,286	9,073	2008	785,580	1,356,780
			2009	783,600	1,356,890
Potential Available Labour Supply (2014)			2010	808,025	1,388,490
Available Labour Supply	1,360	5,219	2011	845,915	1,433,035
% Do Rotational	50.5	64.8	2012	857,385	1,455,120
% Male	57.5	58.1	2013	887,540	1,513,240
% Aboriginal	38.7	77.8	2014	926,595	1,565,205
% Less than High School Diploma	23.3	49.4	% Change in Emp. Inc. (2005-2014)	38.8	36.7
Employment Profile (2014)			% Change in Emp. Inc. (2005-2014)	30.8	30.7
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	45.1	46.2	Average Employment Income (\$)		
% Goods Producing	12.3	15.3	2005	54,037	45,843
% Other Industries	36.5	32.9	2006	55,579	47,856
			2007	58,591	50,627
Annual Work Pattern (2014)			2008	61,518	52,650
% Worked	85.7	79.0	2009	61,749	52,983
% Worked More than 26 weeks	82.1	75.1	2010	63,127	53,630
			2011	65,728	55,673
			2012	66,983	56,930
			2013	69,069	58,744
			2014	70,197	60,154

		Northwest			Northwest
	Yellowknife	Territories	`	Yellowknife	Territories
Percent Taxfilers Less than \$15,000			Percent Families More than \$75,000		
2005	18.9	26.0	2005	68.6	55.3
2006	17.6	24.9	2006	71.3	57.1
2007	17.1	23.3	2007	72.8	59.5
2008	16.9	23.7	2008	74.5	60.8
2009	16.9	23.9	2009	74.2	60.7
2010	16.3	23.3	2010	74.8	61.9
2011	15.5	23.1	2011	75.2	62.5
2012	15.6	23.1	2012	75.8	63.1
2013	15.1	22.3	2013	76.4	63.3
2014	15.0	22.3	2014	77.0	64.5
Percent Taxfilers More than \$50,000					
2005	47.4	38.3	PRICES		
2006	49.1	39.9			
2007	52.3	42.7	2013 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	122.5	
2008	54.1	43.7	(
2009	53.9	43.6	2015 Food Price Index (YK = 100)	100.0	
2010	54.6	44.2			
2011	55.6	44.9			
2012	56.3	45.6	ENVIRONMENT		
2013	56.9	46.1			
2014	57.9	46.8	Average Monthly Temperature: 2006-2015	(°C)	
			January	-25.2	
			February	-22.3	
FAMILY INCOME			March	-16.8	
			April	-4.8	
Average Family Income			May	6.2	
2005	117,023	96,171	June	14.5	
2006	124,200	101,622	July	17.4	
2007	128,473	107,252	August	14.9	
2008	135,800	111,796	September	8.4	
2009	134,645	112,119	October	-0.1	
2010	138,620	113,934	November	-13.5	
2011	145,706	119,089	December	-22.5	
2012	146,736	120,898			
2013	149,656	124,103	COMMUNITY LIVING		
2014	153,303	127,334			
			% Who Volunteered in 2013	50.8	47.5
Percent Families Less than \$30,000			% of Homes with Internet	90.9	79.1
2005	12.1	19.0	Access in 2013		
2006	10.6	18.0			
2007	9.5	16.6			
2008	9.8	17.0	SYMBOLS		
2009	10.1	16.7			
2010	9.4	16.4	- zero or too small to be expressed		
2011	8.8	16.0	not available		
2012	8.4	15.7	x data suppressed		
2013	8.5	15.2			
2014	8.0	14.9			

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[11]{\frac{Pop_{2016}}{Pop_{2005}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 200, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004, 2009 & 2014). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, and the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Crime

Incidents in a particular detachment may include incidents from surrounding communities.

Violent Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Refers to incidences of homicides, attempted murder, assaults (including sexual assaults), abduction and robbery.

Property Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of breaking & entering, theft, position of stolen goods and fraud.

Other Criminal Code: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of offensive weapons, bail violation, disturbing the peace and mischief (property damage).

Federal Statutes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of possession and trafficking of drugs.

Traffic: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of dangerous operation of motor vehicle and impaired operation of motor vehicle.

Violent Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Property Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Craft (%)s: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'n.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2009 & 2014). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2014 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2009 & 2014).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2013 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2013, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Personal Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns.

Total Income (\$000): Refers to total money income received from all sources

Average Personal Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources.

Employment Income (\$000): Refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Average Employment Income (\$): Refers to average income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Percent Tax-filers Less Than \$15,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making less than \$15,000.

Percent Tax-filers More Than \$50,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making more than \$50,000.

Family Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns. Refers to the total income of a family; it is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.

Average Family Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources for the family as a whole.

Percent Families Less Than \$30,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making less than \$30,000.

Percent Families More Than \$75,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making more than \$75,000.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2013: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2013: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.